

Memorandum of Understanding

Managing the impacts of growth within the West Essex/East Hertfordshire Housing Market Area on Epping Forest Special Area of Conservation

between

East Hertfordshire District Council
Epping Forest District Council
Harlow District Council
Uttlesford District Council

Essex County Council
Hertfordshire County Council

City of London Corporation (Conservators of Epping Forest)
Natural England

February 2017



Uttlesford
District Council



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1. Introduction

- 1.1 The *Conservation of Habitats and Species Regulations 2010*¹ (“the Habitat Regulations”) set out that where a land use plan, either alone or in combination, is likely to have a significant effect on a European site, the plan-making authority must make an appropriate assessment of the implications for the site taking into account the site’s conservation objectives. The local authorities party to this Memorandum of Understanding (MoU) are working together under the Duty-to-Cooperate as defined by the Localism Act 2011. The areas of proposed Local Plan development covered by this MoU are within the bounds of the four district local authorities which make up a Housing Market Assessment (HMA) area, agreed under a separate Memorandum of Understanding². A map of the area covered by this MoU is shown at **Appendix 1**.
- 1.2 There are a number of significant areas for nature conservation within the HMA. Epping Forest is highlighted as a habitat that requires more detailed attention. It is the largest public open space within and adjoining London, covering around 2,450 hectares. It stretches from Manor Park to just north of Epping, with the main body of the Forest being located to the west of Loughton. Two thirds of the Forest has been designated a Site of Special Scientific Interest (SSSI) and a Special Area of Conservation (SAC). The SAC status was confirmed in April 2005, with the primary reasons for designation being the presence of beech forest habitat and stag beetles. Dry and wet heath habitats are also cited as key features. Detailed information about the designation is available from the Joint Nature Conservation Committee website³.
- 1.3 There are known current challenges to the integrity of the part of the SAC which falls within the boundary of Epping Forest District Council. These include in particular, threats posed by air pollution and recreational pressures. The main threats and challenges are set out in Natural England’s (NE’s) Site Improvement Plan (SIP) for Epping Forest SAC (NE 2015)⁴.

¹ 2010 Conservation of Habitats and Species Regulations
<http://www.legislation.gov.uk/ukxi/2010/490/contents/made>

² 2016 Memorandum of Understanding: Distribution of Objectively Assessed Need across the West Essex/East Hertfordshire Housing Market Area

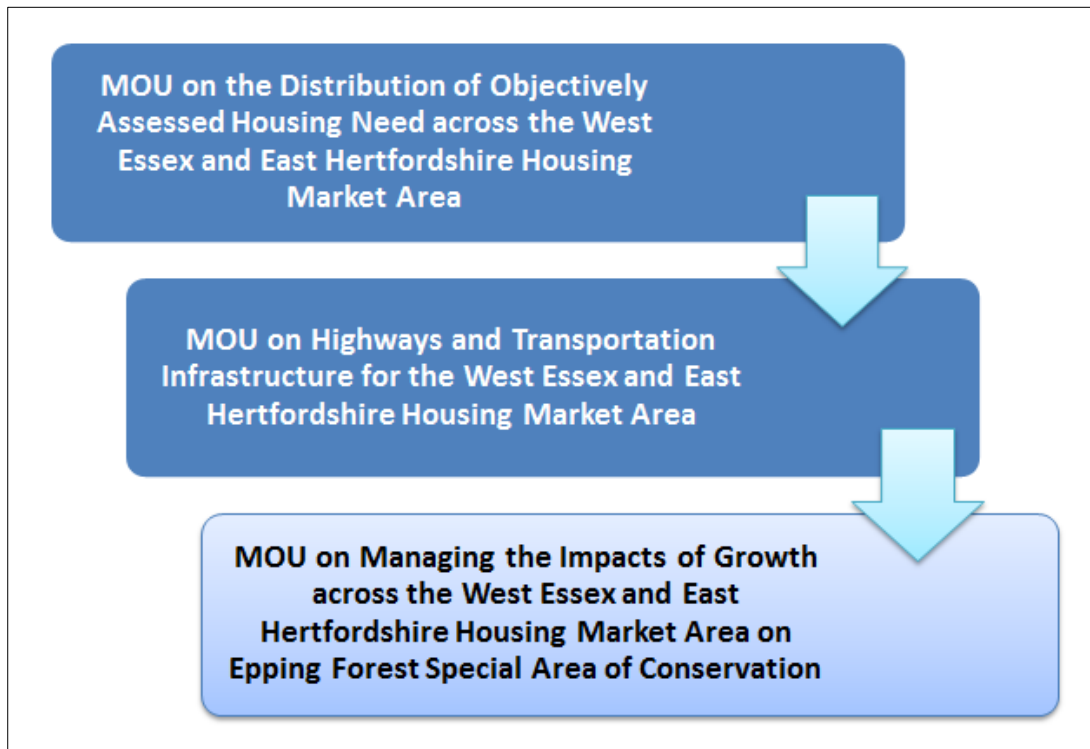
³ 2005 JNCC *Epping Forest Site Details*
<http://jncc.defra.gov.uk/ProtectedSites/SACselection/sac.asp?EUCode=UK0012720>

⁴ 2015 Natural England *Site Improvement Plan: Epping Forest*
<http://publications.naturalengland.org.uk/publication/6663446854631424>

2. Purpose of this Memorandum of Understanding

- 2.1 This MoU is one of a group of three related memoranda. The other two deal with the Distribution of Objectively Assessed Need across the West Essex /East Hertfordshire Housing Market Area, and Highways and Transportation Infrastructure, as shown in Figure 1.

Figure 1 - Inter-related Memoranda of Understanding



- 2.2 Currently air pollution is adversely affecting the Forest with Critical Loads of Nitrogen exceeded across the whole Forest and Critical Levels exceeded across a significant proportion of Forest Land. These exceedances affect the health and resilience of trees and impact on the balance of vegetation and fungal communities. The emerging spatial options for the distribution of growth across the HMA have been subject to an assessment of air quality to determine whether any of those options are likely to have an unacceptable impact on the Epping Forest SAC. The detailed findings of this assessment are subject to a separate report **[insert reference]** as part of the Habitats Regulations Assessment (HRA) process.
- 2.3 The assessment of air quality has been derived from transport modelling data, which are forecasts based on the best available data. It is therefore necessary to continue to monitor the position, and ensure that where any adverse impacts begin to emerge, that the partners are aware of these, and in a position to respond to the changing evidence. It is therefore necessary to establish an appropriate evidence base and monitoring framework.
- 2.4 The purpose of this MoU is to ensure that the parties named, work in partnership to fulfil the following requirements:
- i. to collect and analyse data and evidence related to the impacts of proposed development and growth under the Local Plans to provide sufficient and robust evidence on which to base a strategy for the protection of Epping Forest SAC;

- ii. to commit to prepare a joint strategy, based on relevant available data and evidence and to an agreed timetable; and
- iii. that the joint strategy will address both the requirement to avoid, or effectively mitigate, adverse impacts on the integrity of the SAC from Local Plan-led development and the requirement to prevent deterioration of the SAC features.

3. Evidence Gathering to inform a Joint Strategy

- 3.1 Natural England (NE), with the Environment Agency, published a Site Improvement Plan (SIP) for Epping Forest in 2015. This identified seven main pressures on the integrity of the SAC and provides the reference point for the scope of the data and evidence-gathering required under this MoU. Evidence will be collected and analysed to determine whether any of these pressures are worsening over time, and whether the growth planned across the HMA is a causal factor. NE will provide detailed and timely advice on the data required, to ensure it is collected within an appropriate and realistic timescale
- 3.2 Unless modified by further NE advice as a result of any future SIP revisions (including newly-identified pressures), all parties to this MoU agree that the data to be collected will include:
- allocated housing and commercial development sites, including delivery timeframes;
 - highways infrastructure changes;
 - public transport developments;
 - visitor numbers and behaviour, purposes of visits and distances travelled;
 - forecast change in traffic flows, and subsequent impacts on air quality including continued monitoring of the Bell Common Air Quality Management Area; and
 - forecast change to visitor pressures, and any significant positive or negative impacts.
- 3.3 Based on these data, assessments will be made of the ecological impacts that would be the consequence of predicted/likely changes in air pollution and recreational pressures to allow avoidance and mitigation plans to be put in place.
- 3.4 At this stage it is not clear how far visitors to Epping Forest travel, and therefore to what extent the growth in housing across the Housing Market Area may increase visitor and recreational pressures. The costs of gathering the appropriate data to provide a robust evidence base would be borne by the local authorities and prospective developers, as appropriate and proportionate to the development proposals across the HMA in relation to impacts on Epping Forest SAC.
- 3.5 Each party to this MoU agrees to ensure that its approval of the data is provided in a timely manner and is not unreasonably withheld. Any withholding of such approval would require a full written justification setting out clear remedial action that it would be reasonable for the data-gathering parties to take forward to meet their competent authority responsibilities under the Habitat Regulations 2010.

4. Developing a Joint Strategy

- 4.1 The organisations party to this Memorandum (MoU) agree to work together to facilitate the collection of data and evidence as outlined in section 3, in order to develop a Joint Strategy to address potential adverse impacts on the integrity of Epping Forest Special Area of Conservation (SAC), as required under the Habitats Regulations 2010. Epping Forest District Council (EFDC) will act as the coordinating competent authority in relation to Epping Forest SAC as defined by the Habitat Regulations 2010 and as described in the Defra Guidance 2012⁵.
- 4.2 The Joint Strategy will be prepared in accordance with a timetable to be agreed by the partners to this MoU in due course. It is intended this Joint Strategy will be in agreed and published prior to the determination of any of the planning applications on sites around Harlow that are part of The Spatial Option detailed in the “Distribution of OAN across West Essex and East Hertfordshire” MoU. If the Joint Strategy is not in place when planning applications are submitted, applicants will be required to submit the necessary information to ascertain whether any adverse impacts will be caused in Epping Forest, and if necessary any mitigation measures that may be necessary.
- 4.3 The Joint Strategy will incorporate early warning monitoring to ensure that adverse impacts do not occur or are mitigated effectively for the SAC. Should this monitoring identify a deteriorating position, sustainable mitigation strategies for air quality, traffic controls, highways and recreation will be set out in the joint strategy so they can be enacted in a realistic timescale if necessary. Local Plans will include appropriate monitoring policies.
- 4.4 Detailed monitoring frameworks will be prepared to support each of the adopted Local Plans, and some of the required data will be made available on a regular basis through this mechanism. Where additional data is required, the scope of this will be agreed by the parties to this MoU as part of the proposed joint strategy.
- 4.5 Based on the agreed spatial distribution and the associated infrastructure requirements, data would need to be generated by traffic modelling to continue to monitor the likely impacts of vehicle transport on Epping Forest SAC. The traffic models would need to meet the level of resolution required to make robust predictions, to cover all the roads within the Forest boundaries, as identified in the map in **Appendix 2**.
- 4.6 From these traffic data, robust monitoring of air quality and predicted levels and rates of change would be made using the standard assessment methods for the area bounded by Epping Forest SAC (see **Appendix 3**).
- 4.7 The overall health of the Epping Forest SAC is affected by activities outside of the HMA, and therefore the remit of the Joint Strategy may need to be broadened in due course. The overall purpose is to manage Epping Forest such that further deterioration is limited, and positive enhancements are introduced as necessary.
- 4.8 Under the joint strategy further development would be linked to any necessary mitigation such that the identified and required actions would be in place and effective prior to any development being undertaken.
- 4.9 Sources and levels of funding for the different levels of mitigation, if and/or when required, will be agreed and will be put in place under the joint strategy.

⁵ 2012 DEFRA Guidance on competent authority coordination under the Habitats Regulations
https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/69580/pb13809-habitats-guidance.pdf


- 4.10 The joint strategy would be reviewed at the time of the review of this MoU or earlier should circumstances require it and be agreed by all parties.

5. Signatures

5.1 This Memorandum of Understanding is signed by and duly authorised for and on behalf of:

East Hertfordshire District Council

Name (printed): Councillor Linda Haysey


Signature: 

Designation: Leader of the Council

Date: 22nd March 2017

Epping Forest District Council

Name (printed): Councillor John Philip


Signature: 

Designation: Planning Policy Portfolio Holder

Date: 22nd March 2017

Harlow District Council

Name (printed): Malcolm Morley OBE



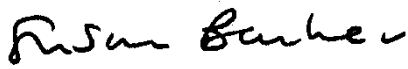
Signature:

Designation: Chief Executive of Harlow District Council

Date: 22nd March 2017

Uttlesford District Council

Name (printed): Councillor Susan Barker

Signature: 

Designation: Deputy Leader and Portfolio Holder for Environmental Services
Date: 22nd March 2017

Essex County Council

Name (printed): Councillor Kevin Bentley

Signature: 

Designation: Deputy Leader and Cabinet Member for Economic Growth and Partnerships

Date: 22nd March 2017

Hertfordshire County Council

Name (printed): Councillor Derrick Ashley


Signature: 

Designation: Executive Member for Environment, Planning and Transport

Date: 22nd March 2017

Natural England

Name (printed): Aidan Lonergan'

Signature: 

Designation: Area Manager (West Anglia)

Date: 22nd March 2017

City of London Corporation

Name (printed): Philip Woodhouse

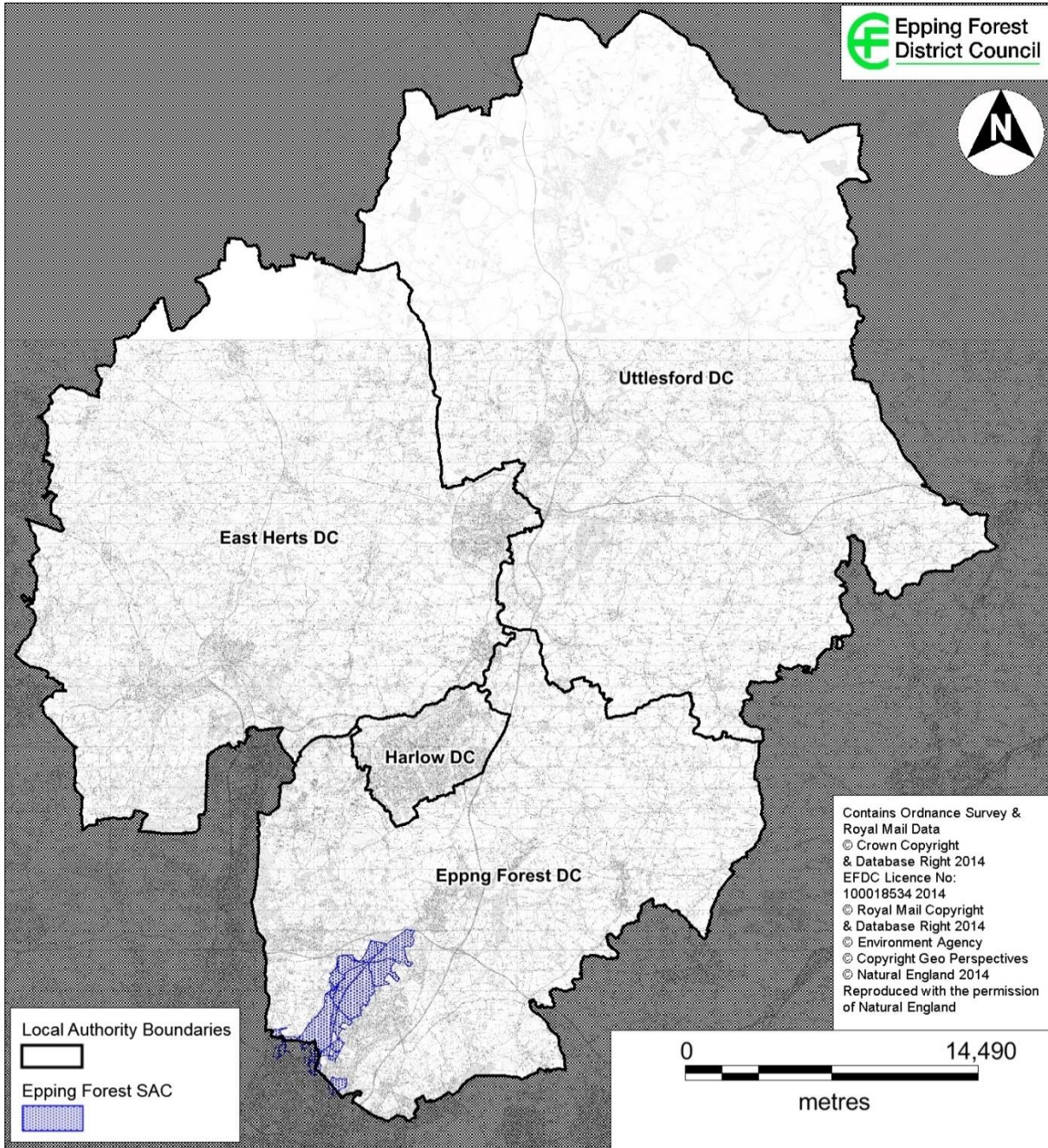
A handwritten signature in black ink. The first part is a stylized, cursive initial 'P' that loops back. The second part is the name 'Woodhouse' written in a clear, cursive script.

Signature:

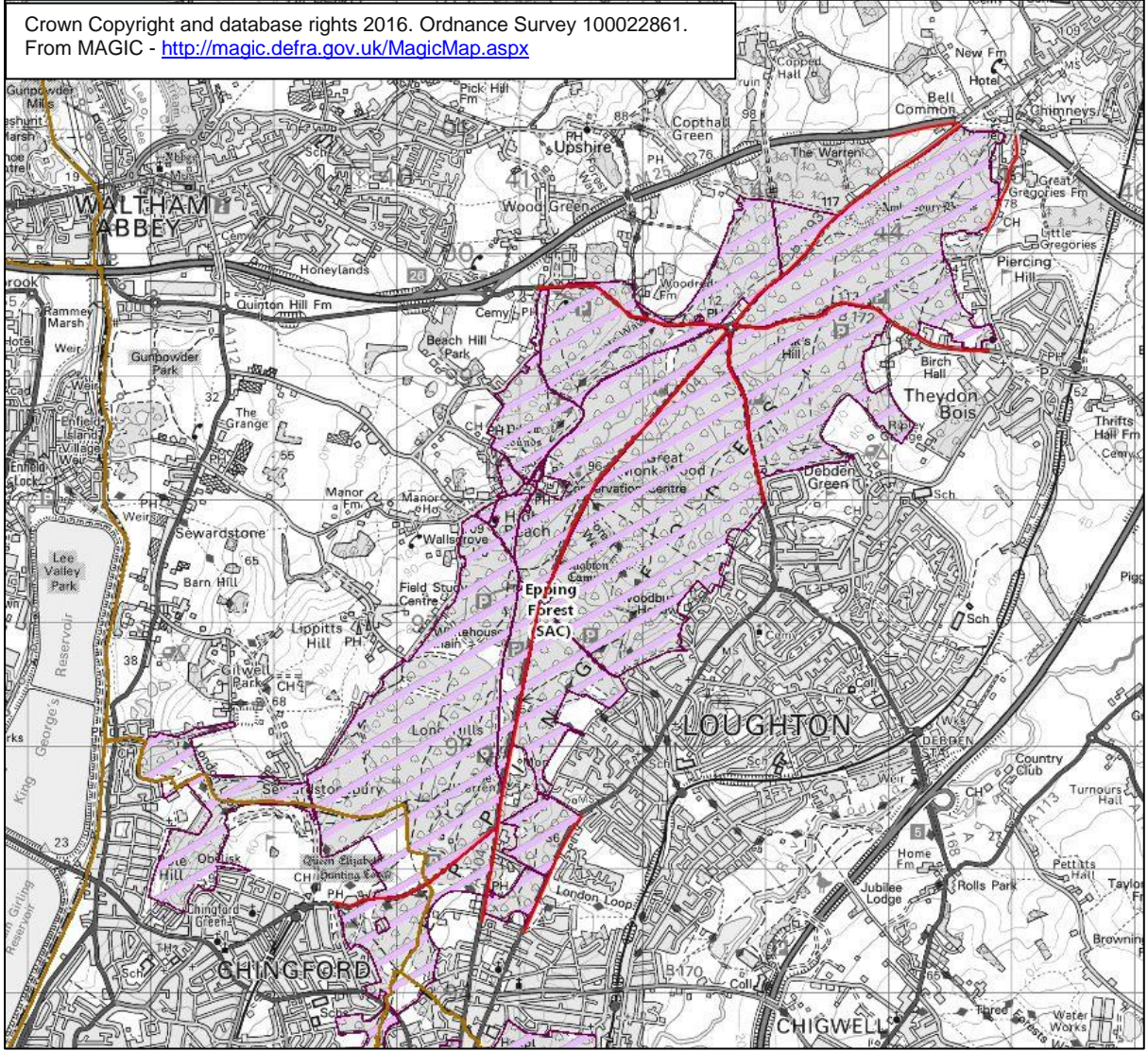
Designation: Chairman

Date: 22nd March 2017

Appendix 1 - The West Essex/East Herts area



Appendix 2 – Road links to be investigated around Epping Forest



Appendix 3 – Air quality predictive modelling method

- A3.1 The predictions of nitrogen deposition and annual mean NO_x concentrations for the proposed works will be based on the assessment methodology presented in Annex F of the Design Manual for Roads and Bridges (DMRB), Volume 11, Section 3, Part 1 (HA207/07)⁶ for the assessment of impacts on sensitive designated ecosystems due to highways works. Background data for the predictions for 2033 will be sourced from the Department of Environment, Food and Rural Affairs (Defra) background maps for 2011 projected forward to 2030 (2030 being the most advanced date in the future for which projections are currently available)⁷. Background data for 2030 would be used for the future assessment, with contributions from A-roads within the grid square removed from the background as this contribution was calculated using ADMS-Roads software. Background nitrogen deposition rates will be sourced from the Air Pollution Information System (APIS) website⁸. These rates will be reduced by 2% per year, as set out in HA207/07, to allow for the predicted improvements in background air quality over time as a result of ongoing national initiatives to improve emissions and the expected improvement in vehicle emissions over that period.
- A3.2 Annual mean concentrations of NO_x were calculated at 50m distances back from each road, with the closest distance being the closest point of the designated site to the road. Predictions were made using the latest version of ADMS-Roads using emission rates derived from the Defra Emission Factor Toolkit (version 6.0.2) which utilises traffic data in the form of 24-hour Annual Average Daily Traffic (AADT), detailed vehicle fleet composition and average speed. The end of the Local Plan period has been selected for the various future scenarios as this is the point at which the total emissions due to Local Plan traffic will be at their greatest.

⁶ Design Manual for Roads and Bridges, HA207/07, Highways Agency

⁷ Air Quality Archive Background Maps. Defra, 2013. Available from: <http://laqm.defra.gov.uk/review-and-assessment/tools/background-maps.html>

⁸ Air Pollution Information System (APIS) www.apis.ac.uk